

Executive Summary

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Key Design Principles

guarda io non capisco scrivo qualcosa qui

1. The Illusion of Control (Undo & Delays)

Artificial Delays: Features like "Undo Send" in Gmail do not hello a sent message. Instead, the system delays sending the email for 5–30 seconds, keeping it in a "hidden queue" to give the user a grace period to change their mind.

Version History: Ctrl+Z (Undo) is not a simple reverse function. It effectively manages a "stack" of document versions. When you type something new after undoing, you clear that future stack (unless utilizing complex "trees" of history).

2. From Error Messages to "Forgiveness"

Evolution of Error Handling: Tech has moved from punishing users (e.g., terminal command errors) to subtly fixing them.

Search/AI: Google fixes typos automatically ("Did you mean..."), and ChatGPT understands completely garbled prompts.

Data Entry: Apps like Things 3 automatically correct invalid dates (e.g., "June 31st" becomes "July 1st") without showing an error message.

Deletion: The "Trash Can" concept was invented because immediate deletion is too dangerous for human behavior. Google Photos keeps deleted items for 60 days as a safety buffer.

3. Optimistic UI (Perceived Speed)

Lying about Latency: To make software feel "snappy," developers use **Optimistic Updates**.

Example: Instagram initiates the photo upload process before you even press "Share" (while you are still writing the caption).

Example: Collaboration tools show your comment as "posted" immediately on your screen, assuming the server will accept it. If the server fails, it shows an error later. This hides the latency of network requests.

4. Designing for Physical Imperfection

Button Behavior: A well-designed button triggers an action on release (finger up), not on press. This allows the user to drag their finger away to cancel the action mid-click.

Menu Geometry (Fitz's Law): Menus (like in Notion) use mathematical calculations to keep a submenu open even if the mouse moves diagonally across empty space, anticipating the natural but imperfect path of a human hand.

Gaming ("Coyote Time"): Platformers (like Mario) allow players to jump a few milliseconds after they have fallen off a ledge, compensating for slow human reaction times.

5. Frustration Detection

Shaking: Tech interprets physical signs of frustration. Shaking a mouse on macOS makes the cursor huge (to help you find it). Shaking an iPhone triggers the "Undo" prompt.

Relevance to ChecksMATE (Product Note)

Bulk Import/Uploads: Applying the "Optimistic UI" concept could improve the perceived speed of the document upload flow we discussed with Stefano.

Drafts/Boza: The concept of the "Trash Can" supports our decision to allow editing of "Versions" while in Draft state—users need a safe space to make mistakes before "Approval".

Next Step: Would you like me to analyze our current ChecksMATE "Delete" or "Save" workflows to see if we are adhering to these "Forgiveness" principles?

Faccio una modifica da cliente per vedere la notifica nell'account consulente

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The core thesis is that successful technology is not designed for perfection or raw speed, but for "**Forgiveness.**" Humans are imperfect, and modern software (like Gmail, Notion, or iOS) uses "white lies," delays, and hidden calculations to accommodate our mistakes, physical limitations, and frustrations.

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Activity	Data Subject	Data Category	Special Category	Items
Processing Activity Uno	Patient	Identifiers - Personal Information	No	em hello Name Surname

Purpose	Legal basis (art. 6 and art. 9)	Activities
Purpose #ZED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6(1)(b) Contractual and/or Pre-contractual 	Processing Activity Uno descrizione dell'attività

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